

LOUISVILLE DAILY DEMOCRAT.

VOLUME XXI.

AGRICULTURAL.
PITT'S PATENT



SEPARATOR & CLEANER.

THESE MACHINES HAVE BEEN SELLING IN
KENTUCKY FOR THE PAST FIVE YEARS, AND
have given the most perfect satisfaction.
For capacity, durability and fitness, they are unequalled.

82 We can supply them with satisfaction.

CASH PRICE.

8-horse, with Separator, Cleaver, Power & Wagon	\$450
5-horse, " " " "	350
6-horse, " " " "	415
8-horse, " " " "	475

82 Extras for all parts of the Machine, on hand.

PRICE COMMON THRESHING MACHINER.

2-horse Power complete, Rice & Schwartz	\$190
4-horse, " " " "	250

COOK'S PATENT



EVAPORATOR.

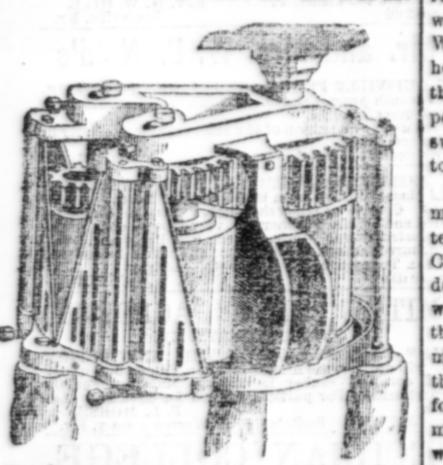
We have the EXCLUSIVE COPYRIGHT of this Evapo-
rator for the State of Kentucky, and it is the
best in the world. It is a simple apparatus, and
is easily made. It is a great convenience to call
and examine them, or send
for a circular giving
all the details.

CASH PRICE.

No. 2 complete.....	Iron \$95, Copper \$115
No. 3 complete.....	" " " "
No. 4 complete.....	" " " "

120

VICTOR CANE MILL.



We are selling with our Evaporator, the above selec-
tated Mill, which is far ahead of all others for strength,
dough, and economy. It is the only one in the entire differ-
ent principle from any other mill, and can be used
in any place. Our Nos. 1, 2 & 3 Mills are fully equal in size
and capacity, and are the best in the world. They are
made of one mass of iron, and will stand the
test of time. They are superior to any other kind offered
for sale in this market.

CASH PRICE.

No. 1 Light one-horse Mill.....	470
No. 2 Medium two-horse ".....	520
No. 3 Large two-horse ".....	580
No. 4 Small ".....	120

CIDER MILLS.

We have the celebrated Buckeye Cider Mill, and the
Kentucky Mill. They are both considered as the
best in the market for grinding and pressing grapes and
apples. Send us your orders early to secure them.

CASH PRICE.

Buckeye No. 1.....	45
Kentucky No. 1.....	45
Kentucky No. 2.....	55

GRAIN DRILLS.

We have an assortment of the best kinds made in
steel. It has been ascertained beyond doubt, that
wheat which was drilled last year, was not badly
watered, and was in excellent condition, and which
was sown broadcast; on the same soil, was almost
entirely lost. In drilling in wheat you save the
labor of one man, and save the seed enough in sowing 10 acres to pay for your drill.

CASH PRICE.

8-horse Drills complete.....	100
10 " " " "	120
12 " " " "	140

HORSE HAY RAKE.

We have the improved STEEL TOOTH RAKE, run-
ning on steel wheels, and the steel teeth are so sharp
that the steel tooth rake just what large farmers have long
been looking for. Hay rakes and stumps and stumps
are easily broken. Call and have it sent you.

Steel Tooth complete.....

445

Revolving 14 Square Feet.

Revolving 18 Square Feet.

Horse Hay Fork.

We have the control of Kentucky for the sale of
GIDDINGS' PATENT HAY PITCHFORKS. We
consider it as a great convenience to have these
forks. They are very strong and durable. But no kind but
Giddings' if you want the best. Price, \$1.50 per dozen.

Price, complete with 60 feet of rope.....

418

Agents wanted.

We sell this Wringer guaranteeing it to perform in a
perfect manner, or we do not get the purchase to
keep them. Price, complete.....

47

Agents wanted all over this State.

NOTICE.

In addition to articles above we keep a general assort-
ment of—

Agricultural Implements & Tools,

Cumming's Patent Cutting Boxes,

Sandford's Patent Cutting Boxes,

Virginia Corn Shellers,

Buckeye Corn Shellers,

Cultivators, Corn Planters,

Grain Cradles and Sieves,

Shovels, Hoes, Spades, Forks, &

FEKIN, WIARD & CO.,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

* * * Agents wanted all over this State.

Daily Democrat.

TERMS OF THE DAILY DEMOCRAT
TO THE COUNTRY.

ONE YEAR. \$10.00
SIX MONTHS. 6.00
ONE MONTH. 1.00

Notice to Mail Subscribers.

Subscribers are supplied with a notice of the date their subscription will expire ten days in advance of the time; and again with a second notice on the day the last copy paid for is sent. This will enable all persons to keep the run of their accounts, and to renew in time not to miss an issue of the paper.

What Will You Do About It?

This is considered a very pertinent question by the friends of Mr. Lincoln, when Democrats point out the wrongs and failures of the party in power, and denounce their policy generally. What would you do about it? If you had power, they ask; and if they are not told explicitly what is proposed, then they tell us the question is not answered; that it is easy to find fault with what is, whilst it is not possible to point out any better way. You say you are for peace; you are for an unconditional peace, or peace on any terms?

He would be a wise man who could tell what he would do in all emergencies. It will take time to clear away the rubbish that the party in power has thrown in the way of peace and Union. The Republicans have been industrious in blocking up the road to Union. They have thrust in the way difficulties and complications that it will take some time to remove and unravel. Confiscation bills, conscription bills, martial law, predictions and absurd schemes of finance and taxation, will all go by the board. Then we shall have a vigorous prosecution of peace. We shall sweep clean the sins and follies of the last three years, and set ourselves right before the world and the rest of mankind, and all rebellion should be ashamed to deny that we are generous and just. Our enemies shall admit that we are better than they are. In this way shall we clear out a road to peace. The rebels were all in the wrong at the start. The dominant party has put us so much in the wrong so far, that we can hardly call the kettle black. We have gone on to prove what the rebels charged was intended to be done, and what they made the groundwork of rebellion. We don't give the rebels credit for sagacity, however. They made the opportunity for these party efforts themselves. But they now point to them to justify secession, and it answers their purpose at home and will go far to do it abroad.

We must, then, remove the rubbish, and make good our declarations, that we are contending for the Union, the supremacy of the Constitution, and nothing else. When this is done, we do not know that anything more will be needed. We shall be nearer Union than our armies are ever likely to be to Richmond. What more is necessary to be done then, we shall see. The rebels are no more fond of war than we are, and they have no more interest in a separate government. They will abandon war when they have nothing to gain by prosecuting it, and nothing to lose by abandoning it.

Still, what will you do if this does not suffice, they will ask. They want to see clear to the end of all possible contingencies. Well, if they will tell us what they will do if they are continued in power, then we will be satisfied.

The next election will bring some out-
cry against the Vandals of the proceeding;

and probably some "loyal" Englishman said that the library "was exonerated from the per-
secution which is properly claimed for literary institutions;" it was doomed per se; it was

to be closed, and was a scandal to the country.

Many of the people of New England were enriched by the slave-trade, and many of the volumes in their libraries were bought by the money acquired by this trade. Scatter the volumes, and sweep it into oblivion. The Browns, who gave a name to Brown University, were slave-holders, and "trafficked in human flesh." Scatter its volumes, and sweep it into oblivion. Slavery existed in Connecticut when the ten ministers met at New Haven and gave their books "for founding a college in Connecticut." Scatter its volumes, and sweep it into oblivion.

When the British occupied Newport during the Revolution, they "destroyed four hundred and eighty houses, and carried off the books and

the furniture of the library, but so much
was saved that the books were again
gathered together and placed in the
same room."

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When they saw the storm commencing between party pride and appre-
hension, they did nothing. Then they called for
seventy-five thousand men, and were to finish the
rebellion in sixty days. They resolved on the
first reverse how they would conduct the war,
and for what object. Seward told the
world that all the States and institutions
would remain as they were, whether the re-
bellion succeeded or failed. They were pro-
found in their promises and pledges, none of
which they kept, until the President announced
that he would save the Union with his
own hands, and then reneged upon his promise.

Now, what right has a party that never kept
what it promises in any particular to call
other people to make pledges? We don't
know what they will do, for their pledges would not
be worth a cent, as experience has proved.

But if they went to deal with the future, and
ask to be continued in power, which they have
so much abused, we want them to tell us what
they will do with their programme. They are
to put down the rebellion at any price; suppose
they can't do it; suppose it takes more men and
money than they can raise, what will they do
then? Grant that they have the utmost success in
war, but, after all, they will still be required to
deal with the rebellion.

The Secretary, Mr. Nicolay, started out
with a party of friends in an ambulance, built
expressly for the trip, but at Fort Kearny

the party learned that the Indians had been
engaged in hostilities, and Mr. Nicolay and
party concluded that no such savages were
entitled to a State government and

should remain as they were, whether it could,
or partially with it and partially without it; but
it is difficult to see that they will do this.

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Daily Democrat.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
HARNEY, HUGHES & CO.
OFFICE—
South side Green Street, two doors below the Customhouse.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 17, 1864.

NOTICE TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.
The Daily Democrat delivered by carriers throughout the city will henceforth be at the rate of twenty-five cents per week, including the Sunday paper.

Important Notice.

Owing to the increased expense of every article used in the printing business, and an advance of twenty-five per cent, on the expense of composition, we are compelled to increase the cost of the Daily Democrat, thereafter the Daily, by half, will be one dollar per month, or six dollars for six months, or ten dollars per year—always in advance.

Important to News Dealers.

We understand that General Sherman has issued an order by which any person who desires to sell papers at the front, thus destroying the monopoly which has so long convenience the army, and deprived it of full supply of papers.

Persons can procure any number of papers at this office at the usual rate of three dollars per hundred; postage added, if by mail.

CITY NEWS.

RECOVERY OF STOLEN PROPERTY—IMPORTANT ARRESTS.

The frequent cases of the robbery of private residences and the escape of the robbers has led to the belief that the acts must have been committed by some one connected with the houses, and the goods afterwards sold to some one of the numerous second-hand stores with which the city is infested. About three weeks ago Mrs. Ferguson, who boards at the house of Mrs. Thornton, on Walnut street, between First and Second, was robbed of over \$300 worth of wearing apparel. The robbery was kept quiet, in hopes that some clue could be obtained as to who committed it, but as the plan failed, the facts in the case were made known to officer Tiller three days since. That officer, with the assistance of officer Ryan, at once set about to ferret out the case and, if possible, arrest the guilty parties. After a diligent search a large quantity of the stolen property was found concealed in the houses of free negroes in different portions of the city. After finding the property it was next the duty of the officers to find out the thief, which they succeeded in doing, and arrested her yesterday morning. Her name is Louis, and she is a slave of Mr. Miles, who resides in the same row of buildings as Mrs. Thornton. Since the arrest of the party it has been discovered that she effected an entrance into the house of the woman where she lived, and going over the roof of the adjoining house, entered by means of the trap-door. Nearly every house in the row has been robbed on several occasions, and the same girl is no doubt the one that has committed all the other robberies. The officers not only arrested her but all the free negroes at whose houses they found any of the stolen goods. These were most important arrests and reflect great credit upon the officers who ferreted out the case and succeeded in apprehending other guilty parties. During the past two weeks officer Carter Tiller has succeeded in recovering over \$2,000 worth of stolen property.

THE HEAVY RAIN YESTERDAY—DESTRUCTION OF PROPERTY.

Yesterday afternoon our city was visited with one of the most severe rain storms that we have had for some time, and for over an hour the rain poured down in torrents, completely overflowing the streets in different portions of the city. At the corner of Third and Green streets was a perfect pond, and persons were unable to pass. With such force did the water run through the Preston street sewer that at the corner of Preston and Green streets, it gave way, caving in the street there. The sand and dirt stopped up the sewer, and it will take some time to repair it. The southern sewer caved in at the corner of Third and York streets, and was also cracked up by the drift which was washed into it. The water being unable to pass through the sewer, backed up into the street, and we are informed by persons who saw it that the water in Third street, between Chestnut and Broadway, was of sufficient depth for a skiff to navigate. It will cost the city considerable to have the sewers repaired.

ATTEMPT TO PASS COUNTERFEIT TREASURY NOTES.

We have on different occasions given in the Democratic descriptions of the various counterfeits which have been gotten out on the Treasury notes, and warned our readers to be on the watch for the same. On Monday a young man by the name of William Doyle went to the house of Mr. Kremer, on Market street, between Brook and Floyd, and purchased a number of articles, tendering in payment for the same a \$20 counterfeit Treasury note. Officer Carter Tiller, who happened to be near, was notified of the same, and arrested the party and placed him in jail. The bill offered was different from any we have seen, being a photograph. The bill is poorly executed, and is not likely to deceive those who are in the habit of handling money, though the unsuspecting may be deceived.

DIED IN JAIL.

Yesterday afternoon a woman, whose name we were unable to learn, was arrested and taken to the jail in a heavily state of intoxication. In this condition she was placed within the prison walls, as there was no other place where she could be put. Being too much intoxicated to be placed in the cell, she was left, by the direction of Mr. Thomas, in a comfortable place until she should so far recover as to be removed. In a short time, when she was to be removed, it was found that she was dead. An inquest was held by Coroner Gill, after which she was buried.

THE CIRCUS—DAN RICE'S GREAT CIRCUS.

Yesterday eight-score deserters from the rebel army, who have been confined in the military prison, were released upon taking the oath of allegiance and giving bonds to remain north of the Ohio river during the war. Fifty-seven citizens of Georgia, Tennessee and Alabama, who were arrested by General Sherman, were sent north of the Ohio river to remain during the war.

"COLORADO JEWETT."

This distinguished gentleman, whose name is prominently connected with the recent "Negro peace movement," was in our city yesterday. He goes back to the Falls and will continue his labors looking to further negotiations, and hopes still that out of the movement some permanent good and peace may come.

HOUSE OF REFUGE.

The Board of Trustees for the House of Refuge held a meeting Monday evening, and made arrangements for fitting up this institution and putting it in proper condition for the reception of boys and girls. A keeper will be elected, and in the course of a month this institution will be in working order.

THE TRAIN FROM NASHVILLE ARRIVED ON TIME LAST EVENING.

All was quiet along the Wm. W. Faurot, the attentive mail agent, has our thanks for Nashville papers.

GUERRILLAS AT WESTPORT, KY.—STORES ROBBED, &c.

MISSTERIES—THE BODY OF A MURDERED MAN FOUND IN A WELL.—One of those cases which is wrapped in mystery, and which attracts the attention of all, was discovered yesterday about eight and a half miles from this city on the Shepherdsville road. Early in the morning some person went to the well on the place of Mr. Montgomery for water, when they discovered some brush in the well. When this was removed the person who went for the water was horrified at finding in the bottom of the well the body of a murdered man. The alarm was immediately given, and several persons were soon on the spot. The coroner was sent for to hold an inquest, but he had not returned up to the time of the present writing. The case is involved in considerable mystery, which will probably be solved by the coroner's jury. There was some blood at the scene of the body found in the well, which the man had been murdered and thrown into the well. It is not positively known whether the body found in the well is that of a white man or a negro. As the case will be thoroughly investigated and the mystery solved, we will make no further comments at present.

DARING ROBBERY.—Certain portions of this state are infested with bands of the most daring highwaymen ever known. Squads of four and five will approach within a few miles of Louisville and commit all manner of outrages.

On Monday night as William Walker, of this city, was returning to his home in the country, he was met about four miles from the city, on the Seventh-street plank road, by a party of armed men, who fired upon him. One of the shots killed the horse which Mr. Walker was riding, and it was through this means the thieves captured him. The horse had no sooner fallen than Mr. Walker was seized and robbed of \$180 in greenbacks. No clue has yet been obtained as to who the robbers were.

FROM HENDERSON.—Refugees from Henderson continue to arrive in our city, and at present that town is almost entirely deserted, as the citizens have been driven away by the threatening movements in that neighborhood. Johnson's men have already commenced the work of conscripting the citizens in that vicinity into the rebel army, and a perfect reign of terror, we are told, prevails in Henderson, Union, and a part of Daviess counties. It is said that Johnson, with a force of 2,500 men, has encamped a short distance from the town a few nights since. The gunboats are anchored in front of the town, and will no doubt shell it as soon as the rebel troops enter.

REBEL PRISONERS.—Yesterday 303 enlisted men, prisoners of war, were sent to Camp Chase under guard. In addition to these, two rebel surgeons were also sent to the same camp. H. B. Hayne, of the Ninety-eighth Tennessee cavalry, captured at Morrisville June 9, 1864, and Alfred B. Dickey, of Stewart's battalion of cavalry, captured in Lawrence county, Ala., Aug. 10th, 1864. Ten rebel commissioned officers were transferred from the military prison to Johnson's Island.

ARREST OF TWO REBEL SOLDIERS.—Yesterday morning H. D. Mead, formerly of this city, and H. C. Cave, of Shelby county, Ky., both of the rebel army, were arrested in New Albany, brought to this city and confined in Barnack No. 1. At the time they were arrested they were both dressed in citizens' clothes, and, as they stated, making their way to Canada. They will, we are informed, be sent to Lexington to be tried by the military commission now in session there.

DISTRESSING ACCIDENT.—Yesterday afternoon an accident occurred on Jefferson street, above Weller's, which resulted in the instant death of a little girl, whose name we did not learn. The child was playing on the track of the Louisville and Frankfort railroad, when the locomotive and tender, which were passing down the street ran against the child, knocking it down upon the track. The locomotive and tender passed over her body, causing instant death.

ICE-CREAM AT OLD PRICES.—Jo. Garcia, on the east side of Third street, between Main and Market, keeps ice-cream at the old-time prices. Mr. Garcia has for many years occupied his present stand. He makes no particular display, but furnishes ice-cream as good as the best of them at ten cents per scoop, and a boat of them at \$1. We make this statement for the benefit of all whom it may concern.

BARRACKS ITEMS.—Business at the barracks yesterday was rather brisk. The receipts from the officers of the H. D. Mead regiment, which arrived yesterday morning, that there is a considerable force of guerrillas on the Ohio river not far from West Point. As that boat came up she was warned that the guerrillas were there and advised not to land, which advice the Captain took. The boat was not fired on. It was reported that the Cahawas and Echo had both been fired into near that place.

ONE POUND OF FRESH ICE.—On the 10th inst., at 9 o'clock at the Cathedral, in this city, by the Rev. Dr. Stoddard, Mr. Richard Evans, of St. Louis, Mo., and Miss Lizzie A. Thornton.

From the above it will be seen that a most charming lady, a fair virgin, has died in this city. May the happy soul realize in her coming years the happiness of the present.

DIED.—At Greenup, Ky., on the 1st inst., after a protracted illness, Dasty McDonald, daughter of J. M. McDonald, aged 17 years & months.

SPECIAL ELECTION.—FOR SENATOR.

J. M. HARRISON is a candidate for Senator, to fill vacancy occasioned by the death of Senator McWhorter.

COLLECTS ALL KINDS OF

GOVERNMENT CLAIMS,

SOLDIERS' BOUNTIES AND BACK PAY.

At 429 Jefferson St., bet. Fourth and Fifth.

Sutlers

Are reminded that

PRATHER & SMITH,

429 Main Street,

Have a large stock of

Military Hats, Caps, Cords

—AND—

HAT TRIMMINGS,

Which they are closing out either by the case or dozen, at very low prices for cash.

DISSOLUTION.

NEW MUSIC BOOK FOR SCHOOLS.

THE SONG-GARDEN,

Second Book,

BY DR. LOWELL MASON,

IS NOW READY, CONTAINING A LARGE NUMBER

OF NEW AND INTERESTING SONGS, EXCERPTS,

AND SOLOS, WITH A FULL ACCOMPANIMENT.

Third Book will be issued as soon ready.

Price of each book, \$1.00 per volume.

One copy will be issued to any person who sends \$1.00 to Dr. Lowell Mason, 429 Main Street, Boston.

Published by MASON BROTHERS, New York.

NEW MUSIC BOOK FOR CHOIRS.

THE KEY-NOTE,

BY WILLIAM B. BRADBURY.

THIS WORK IS THE RESULT OF MR. BRADBURY'S LONG AND CAREFUL STUDY OF THE SUBJECT.

It is everywhere received with the greatest favor by the most experienced singers and musicians.

The exercises are well adapted to the wants of the schoolroom, and all known to be of great value.

It is well calculated to meet the wants of the amateur.

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AMUSEMENTS. THE CROWNING CLIMAX!

DAN RICE'S
GREAT SHOW!



A GRAND CONSTELLATION, ONE MAMMOTH
COMBINED IN THREE SEPARATE EXHIBITIONS,
TO BE SHOWN IN LOUISVILLE.

MONDAY, AUGUST 15, 1864,
AT THE CORNER OF SECOND AND GRAY STREETS.
AND EVER SUCCEEDING AFTERNOON AND EVENING DURING
THE WEEK, AT 5 AND 8 O'CLOCK.

The Features of the Show—Blue's GRIMES' SHOWERS
and the celebrated EDUCATED MULES, to which are added
the more rare specimens of equine sagacity, who will be
presented by

MRS. DAN RICE,
her first appearance in this city, assisted by the emi-
nent artists,

PROFESSOR STORIES AND FAMILY.

In the catalogue of animals, we find the following list of philo-
-DARLY COOKS AND MONKEYS.

From London, Paris, St. Petersburg and Vienna, who
will present the astonished spectator a DRAMATIC
PERFORMANCE OF SOIERS, A GIG RIDING PARTY
and a FASHIONABLE SOIERS.

The third department, which will complete the brill-
iant list on Saturday evening, is

BALGRACEY'S WILD BUFFALOES,

from the Rocky Mountains and Idaho, with a genuine
temperamental temper.

DAN RICE himself will appear at each exhibition,
and will be the principal attraction, and speeded by the
original humor and wit of his own personal friends will
be a philosopher.

WILLIAM H. TAPP, Jeffersonville, Monday, August

25th, and New Albany, Tuesday, August 26th.

ADMISSION 50 CENTS; CHILDREN 25 CENTS.

J. H. WARNER, agent.

FAIR.

A FAIR WILL BE GIVEN FOR THE BENEFIT OF OUR

ARMED FORCES, commencing on Monday,

September 1st, at Masonic Hall, and continue for

one week. At their first appeal to the public, the hope is

that it will be largely patronized. Refreshments will be

afforded by the officers of the Association. Five

cents will be given to the state, to name and close

August 15th, 1864.

REGULAR RUNNING MEETING FOR THE FALL

OF 1864 will commence on

MONDAY, October 10th, 1864,

And continue six days.

FIRST RACE.

Louisville, Ky., July 15, 1864.

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Daily Democrat.

ALL SORTS OF PARAGRAPHS.

YE HEATED TERM.

O, Lake Superior pleasure trips,
The heart that does not sigh for you
This weather must be all stone.
The fashionable girls are off,
And I am off, too,
And I puffing like a pair
Of puffs.

—We ask advice, but we mean application.

—Ali the telegraphs are now consolidated into the United States Telegraph Company, James McKay, president.

Sprigges says it is quite anomalous that a running vine should produce a cante-

—Those who seem most indifferent to us in our joy may prove the warmest friends in our sorrow. The springs that are cold in summer never freeze in winter.

FLAX.—The Bloomington (Ill.) Pantograph says that one business firm in that city has contracted for the seed from one thousand acres of flax. They estimate that there are from 3,000 to 4,000 acres sown in the county.

—Miss Margaret Tinker and Miss Grace Gilmore, both young ladies, were drowned in Waltham, Mass., last Friday, while bathing.

If you would not have affliction visit you twice, listen at once to what it teaches. [Burgh.]

—The heat in Norfolk was so intense, recently, that "infants blinked their little eyes and roared for succor"—so the Regime says.

—Peaches are making their appearance in our market in abundance, and the crop is represented to be large, prices must soon come down. Very good peaches sell from a dollar to a dollar and a half the bushel. They are brought mostly from the New Jersey orchards.—[Phil. Age.]

INTERESTING INITIAL FACTS.—The first brick-kiln in New England was erected in 1629.

BRICK TEA.—Brick tea is nearly all shipped to Russia. Probably very few people of any class or wealth know what brick tea is. It is the refuse and powder of various kinds of tea worked up with blood into cakes looking like bricks. It is very cheap, and sold at six cents per pound. A tael is \$1 23; a picul 123 pounds.

—You may depend upon it that he is a good man whose intimate friends are all good, and whose enemies are characters decidedly bad.—[Lawater.]

Vermont has a larger number of acres of improved land than any other New England State. Of cultivated acres Vermont has 2,758,413, Maine 2,571,217, New Hampshire 2,367,669, Massachusetts 2,155,512, Connecticut 1,890,808, and Rhode Island 329,584.

—A word says: "If I am drafted, I shall resign. Deeply grateful for the unexpected honor thus conferred upon me, I shall feel compelled to resign the position in favor of some more worthy person. Modesty is what alls me. That's what keeps me under."

—Messrs. Baldwin & Jaycox, who have an unsatisfied judgment against the city of New York, and who were refused payment by the Comptroller, levied on the pictures in the Governor's room Friday. The amount of their claim is \$74,299 40.

TRUE SWEET.—When I am in pecuniary difficulties," said a pension bankrupt, "my garden, my flowers, all fresh and sparkling in the morning, console my heart." "Indeed?" asked his sympathizing friend. "I should have thought they would remind you of your trouble; like your bills, they are all over due."

—The Michigan Southern Railroad has earned in five months \$1,512,928. With a corresponding increase for the rest of the financial year, the road will earn \$4,500,000, or \$12,000,000 more than in 1863, making the common stock a ten per cent holding share.

—Major Charles M. Scholfield, of Yorkville, Oneida county, obtained from a single hill of peach-blossom potatoes thirteen large and perfectly healthy tubers. They were veritable giants in these days of potato degeneracy. We hear that the crop of late potatoes in the vicinity promises generally to be very good.

—Weigh not so much what men assert, as what they prove; remembering that truth is simple and naked, and needs not invention to apparel her comeliness. [Sir P. Sidney.]

—On the 2d of June, His Majesty addressed his subjects of Niihau, who admitted into their complaints, and advised them to congregate together in a village, on 2,000 or 3,000 acres of land fit for cultivation, where they could keep up their manufactures, have their own church and school, expressing his confidence that the Measles, Sinclair would be kind enough to assist them so far as they could.

The people dispersed after giving three hearty cheers for King Kamehameha V. [Hon. Advertiser.]

—The Honolulu Advertiser says the American war could have easily prevented, had Noah thrown Ham out of the ark.

—Happy is the man who is an early riser. Every morning day comes to him with morning's love, full of bloom and purity and grace. The youth of nature is contagious, like the gladness of a happy child. We doubt if any man can be called old so long as he is an early riser. An early walker. And (oh, youth!) take our word for it! youth in dressing gown and slippers, dawdling over breakfast at noon, is a very decept, gaudy image of that youth which sees the sun blush over the mountains, and the dew sparkling upon blossoming hedge-rows.

—Cincinnati has 54,360 names in its directory, and claims a population of 220,000. Chicago chronicles 39,418 names, and claims 160,000 inhabitants. St. Louis has about 100,000.

—Am at perfection in everything, though in most things it is unattainable; however, they who sit at home, and do nothing, will come much nearer to it than those whose laziness and despondency make them give it up as unattainable.—[Chesterfield.]

—Broadway (N. Y.) is crowded with well-dressed men and women. Questionable widows and dashing colors in silks are as plenty as ever, and there seems to be a disposition to look up as gay as in times gone by. But there is a haggard crowd intermixing that cannot laugh, and who watch with jealous and angry eyes the mirth of others. One cannot help being struck with the care-worn look of the crowd. It is they who are bearing the brunt of the war. Less paid, yet paying more for everything, they carry a defiant look which bodes no good, and forms a strange contrast to the ring-fingered gentility that stroll about chewing and smoking.

—Mouravieff, by a recent decree, declared every master who may be guilty of speaking any other language than Russian to his servants liable to a fine of 300 rubles.

SCIENTIFIC AND CURIOUS.

—The Italian Government is about to dispatch a scientific expedition to the Pacific ocean.

—The mode of the existence of carbon in its compounds with iron is by no means well understood.

—The dark line in the solar spectrum are considered proof of the existence of an absorbing atmosphere of low temperature in that body, or in some of its envelopes.

—It is announced by a lecturer on chemistry that chloride of hydrogen scattered at an altitude of 200 feet to the windward of an armful would annihilate it in a very brief period.

—The dog-star Sirius, known in ancient times as its reddish tint, spoken of by Horace as "vires caniculae," and by Seneca as having a more vivid color than Mars, "aerius rufus," is now without any perceptible color.

—Dr. William Aitkin has published a work on the science and practice of medicine, which is remarkable for its treatment of the various forms of disease according to a scientific classification, and following the nosology or system of the registrar general.

—Mr. Tegetmeier, before the Entomological Society, maintained that bees have no hexagonal or geometrical instinct, as has been usually supposed, but the form of their cells is the consequence of the law or property of space, that of seven circles of equal radii, six will just surround the seventh. The cell of the bee is invariably hemispherical at its commencement, and the section of a cell not in contact with another always circular.

—The Chinese are dexterous menders of broken iron vessels. Their method is described by Dr. Lockhart. The surface of the broken vessel is first scraped clean. A portion of cast-iron is then melted in a crucible not bigger than a thimble, in a furnace as large as the lower half of a common tumbler. The iron, when melted, is dropped on a piece of felt covered with charcoal, which is placed over the crucible. The iron is then beaten with a small roll of felt covered with ashes. The new and old iron adhere, and this superfluous metal being removed, the vessel is as good as new.

—INTERESTING INITIAL FACTS.—The first brick-kiln in New England was erected in 1629.

—The first regular or systematic attempt at an improved manufacture of cloth in New England, particularly woollen, was made by a company of Yorkshiremen, who, in 1638, settled in Rowley, in Essex county.

The first paper mill in New England was set up in Milton, seven miles south of Boston, on the Neponset river, below the falls. The proprietors were Daniel Henchman, Gillis Phillips, Benjamin Faneuil, Thomas Hancock, and Henry Drayton. They furnished the Legislature with a sample of their manufacture in 1731, and the mill was probably built early in the same year.

—Another SCARE IN PORTLAND.—The sea serpent is reported having been seen off Cape Elizabeth. A party on Thursday evening, about six o'clock, when between Wood Island and the Cape Lights, observed what they first supposed to be a log upon the water. Upon nearing it, however, it commenced to move, and playfully wagging its tail, disappeared. It was next seen further off, swimming on top of the water, its head and some fifteen feet of its body projecting from the surface. The second time it disappeared, and while the party were looking at each other in amazement, it came up with a rush some twenty or thirty feet from the yacht. With its head well elevated, it took a good look, winked at the gentlemen, nodded its head, and then dived and made its exit. What goes to confirm this story is that a mermaid was seen in the same vicinity a few years since. It is said to call on the Government for a passport to cruise in the English Channel.

—A. Ward says: "If I am drafted, I shall resign. Deeply grateful for the unexpected honor thus conferred upon me, I shall feel compelled to resign the position in favor of some more worthy person. Modesty is what alls me. That's what keeps me under."

—Messrs. Baldwin & Jaycox, who have an unsatisfied judgment against the city of New York, and who were refused payment by the Comptroller, levied on the pictures in the Governor's room Friday. The amount of their claim is \$74,299 40.

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